



Rewarding Learning

ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY (AS)  
General Certificate of Education  
2013

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## Mathematics

Assessment Unit F1

*assessing*

Module FP1: Further Pure Mathematics 1

[AMF11]

MONDAY 24 JUNE, AFTERNOON

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### TIME

1 hour 30 minutes.

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number on the Answer Booklet provided.

Answer **all six** questions.

Show clearly the full development of your answers.

Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

You are permitted to use a graphic or scientific calculator in this paper.

### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 75

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

A copy of the **Mathematical Formulae and Tables booklet** is provided.

Throughout the paper the logarithmic notation used is  $\ln z$  where it is noted that  $\ln z \equiv \log_e z$

**Answer all six questions.**

**Show clearly the full development of your answers.**

**Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.**

- 1 (i)** Describe the transformation given by the matrix  $\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  [2]

The matrix  $\mathbf{N} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

The matrix  $\mathbf{S}$  represents the combined effect of the transformation represented by  $\mathbf{N}$  followed by the transformation represented by  $\mathbf{M}$

- (ii)** Find the matrix  $\mathbf{S}$  [3]

A region  $R$  is mapped to a new region  $Q$  under the transformation represented by  $\mathbf{S}$

- (iii)** If the area of  $R$  is  $8 \text{ cm}^2$ , find the area of  $Q$ . [3]

- 2** The matrix  $\mathbf{P}$  is given by

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i)** Show that the eigenvalues of  $\mathbf{P}$  are  $-1$ ,  $2$  and  $5$  [7]

- (ii)** For the eigenvalue  $-1$ , find a corresponding eigenvector. [4]

**3** The permutations

$$e = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

form a group  $G$  under composition.

**(i)** Draw up a table for the group  $G$  under composition of permutations. [5]

**(ii)** Write down a subgroup of order 2 [2]

The set  $\{1, -1, i, -i\}$ , where  $i^2 = -1$ , forms a group  $H$  under multiplication.

**(iii)** Draw up the group table for  $H$ . [3]

**(iv)** Determine whether the groups  $G$  and  $H$  are isomorphic. Justify your answer. [2]

**4 (a)** Let  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{I} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

**(i)** Verify that  $\mathbf{A}^2 = 4\mathbf{A} - 13\mathbf{I}$  [4]

**(ii)** Hence, or otherwise, express the matrix  $\mathbf{A}^3$  in the form  $\alpha\mathbf{A} + \beta\mathbf{I}$  where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are real numbers. [4]

**(b)** Let

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 & -2 \\ -2 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**(i)** Find the matrix  $\mathbf{B}^2$  [3]

**(ii)** Hence, or otherwise, find the matrix  $\mathbf{B}^{-1}$  [3]

5 (a) (i) Simplify the complex number

$$\frac{1 + 3i}{2 + i}$$

giving your answer in the form  $a + bi$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are real numbers. [4]

(ii) The complex number  $z = x + iy$  has complex conjugate  $z^* = x - iy$ .  
If

$$z + 4z^* = \frac{1 + 3i}{2 + i}$$

find the exact values of  $x$  and  $y$ . [4]

(b) On an Argand diagram sketch the locus of those points  $w$  which satisfy

$$2 \leq |w - (3 + 2i)| \leq 3$$
 [5]

6 (a) (i) Find the centres and radii of the circles

$$x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 8y + 9 = 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 2y - 4 = 0$$
 [4]

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, show that these circles do not intersect. [4]

(b) Two tangents to the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 - 30x - 10y + 225 = 0$$

pass through the origin.

Find the equations of these tangents. [9]

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**THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER**

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