



Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

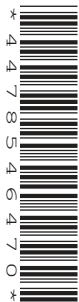
CANDIDATE
NAME

CENTRE
NUMBER

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GEOGRAPHY

0460/43

Paper 4 Alternative to Coursework

October/November 2016

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Calculator
 Protractor
 Ruler

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces provided.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Write your answer to each question in the space provided.

If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of the booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Answer **all** questions.

The Insert contains Fig. 1, Table 1 and Photograph A for Question 1, and Figs. 5 and 6 for Question 2.

The Insert is **not** required by the Examiner.

Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

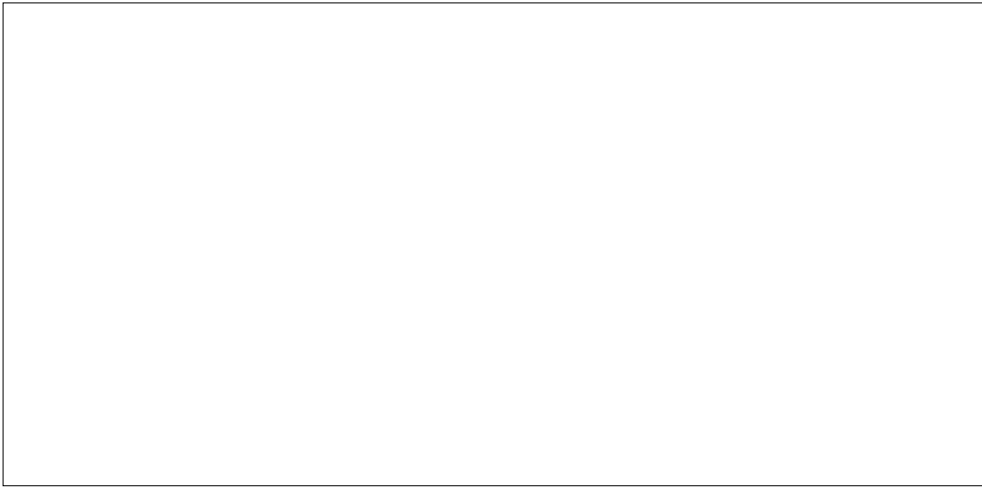
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of **15** printed pages, **1** blank page and **1** Insert.

- (d) (i) The students used a rain gauge to measure daily rainfall. In the box below draw and label a simple rain gauge. [3]



- (ii) Why did their teacher recommend that the rain gauge should be located:

– away from the school playground;

.....
.....

– away from trees?

.....
..... [2]

- (iii) Describe how the students would make their measurements using the rain gauge.

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..... [4]

- (iv) The students' measurements are shown in Table 1 (Insert). Use these results to plot the atmospheric pressure and rainfall for 20th January on Fig. 3 below. [2]

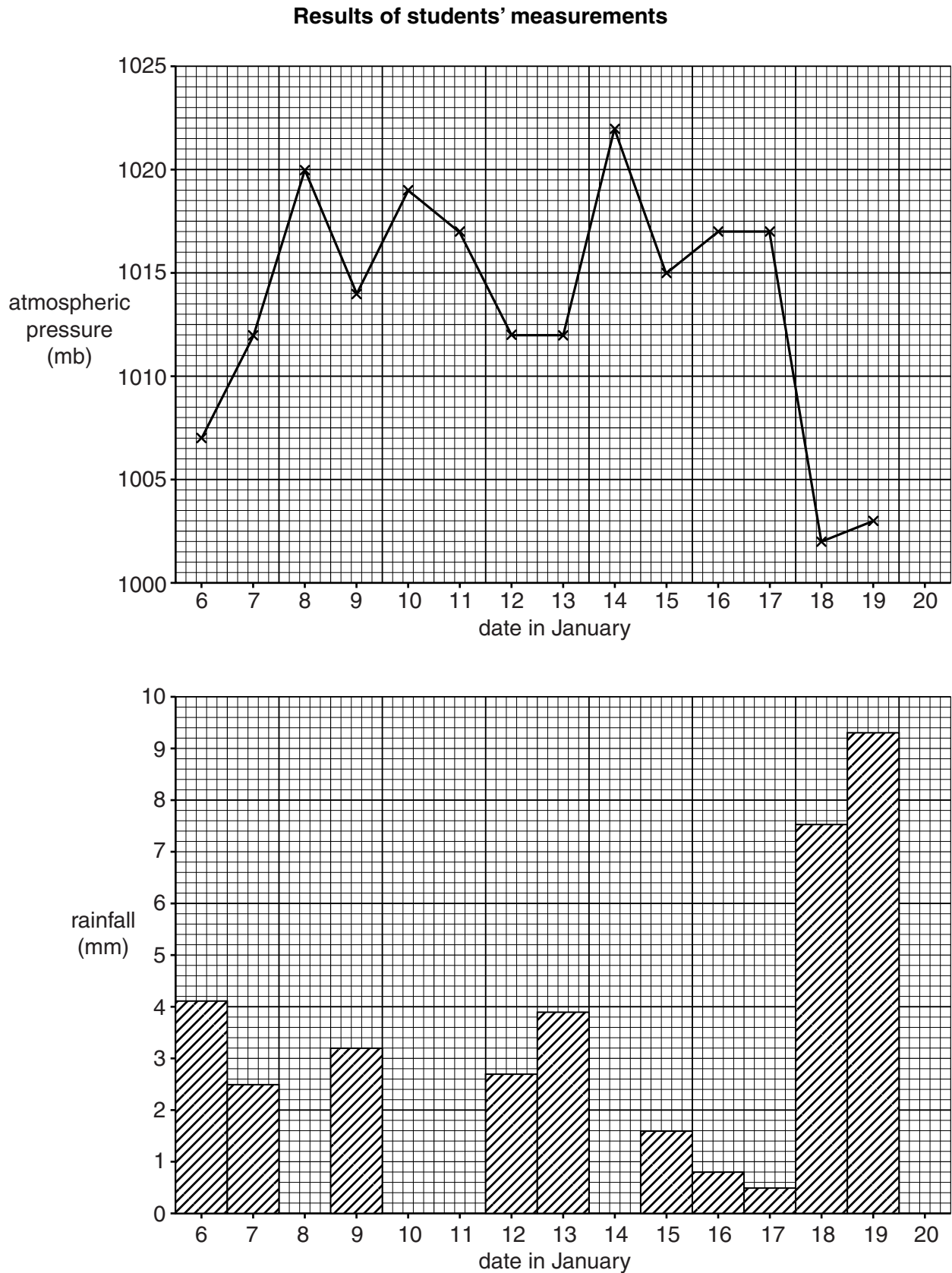


Fig. 3

(v) Do the results shown in Fig. 3 and Table 1 support **Hypothesis 2: Rainfall decreases as atmospheric pressure increases?** Use data to support your decision.

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.....[3]

(e) To extend their fieldwork the students decided to use a sunshine recorder to measure the amount of sunshine on each day. Photograph A (Insert) shows a sunshine recorder. Describe how a sunshine recorder is used.

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.....[4]

[Total: 30 marks]

2 A student was studying how renewable energy sources are used to generate electricity in the UK.

- (a) (i) Which **one** of the following is the correct definition of renewable energy?
Tick (✓) your choice.

	Tick (✓)
Energy which comes from rocks under the sea	
Energy which is produced from plants and animals	
Energy which comes from resources that will not run out	
Energy which is created in thermal power stations	
Energy which is stored in a nuclear power station	

[1]

- (ii) Fig. 4 below shows the fuel sources used to generate electricity in the UK in 1990 and 2013. What percentage of electricity was generated by renewable sources in 1990?

..... %

[1]

Fuel sources used to generate electricity in the UK

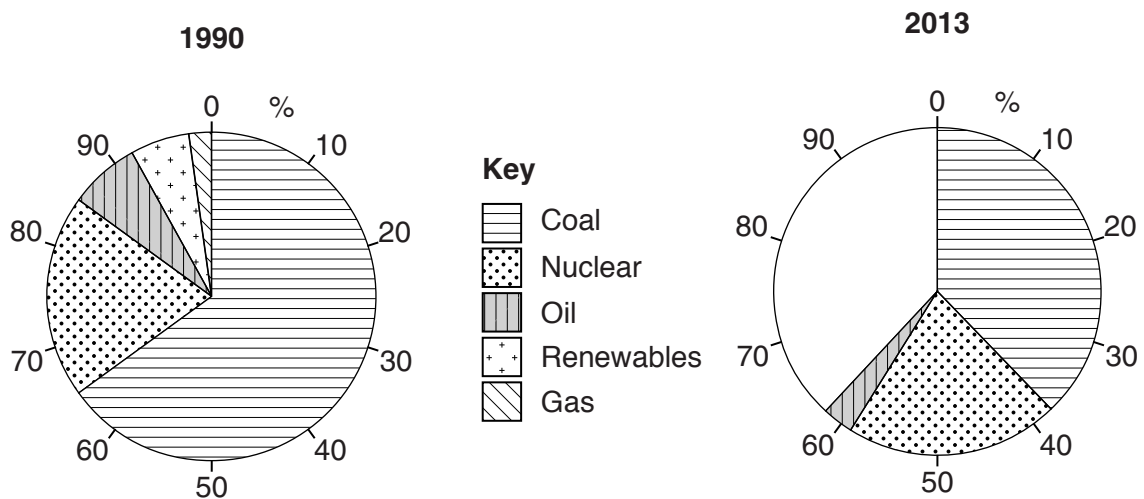


Fig. 4

- (iii) Complete the pie chart for 2013 using the following information:

Energy source	%
Renewables	11
Gas	27

[2]

(iv) Identify **two** main changes in the production of electricity from fossil fuels in the UK between 1990 and 2013.

1

.....

2

.....[2]

(b) The students looked at plans to build a tidal barrage across the estuary of the River Severn. This area is shown in Fig. 5 (Insert). They decided to find out the opinions of local residents in Weston-super-Mare about the planned tidal barrage scheme.

The students investigated the following hypotheses:

Hypothesis 1: *Most local people think that tidal power is a good way to generate electricity.*

Hypothesis 2: *Local people think that the tidal barrage built across the estuary will benefit the area.*

(i) To begin their investigation the students produced a questionnaire which is shown in Fig. 6 (Insert).

Suggest **three** reasons why their teacher approved the questionnaire.

1

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2

.....

3

.....[3]

(ii) The students decided to ask the opinions of 100 people. Name a suitable sampling method to select the people.

..... [1]

(iii) Describe how the students would use your chosen sampling method.

.....

.....

.....

.....[2]

- (c) The results of the question: *Do you think that generating electricity by tidal power is a good idea?* and reasons for the answer, are shown in Table 2 below.

Table 2

Answers to question: *Do you think that generating electricity by tidal power is a good idea?*

Answer	Number of people	Answer	Number of people
Yes	71	No	29
Tidal power does not pollute the atmosphere	45	Turbines only work when the tide is coming in or going out	17
Tidal power is renewable	18	A tidal barrage does not produce much power	7
Tidal power is free	8	A tidal barrage is expensive to build	5

- (i) Which reason is given by most people questioned in favour of using tidal power to generate electricity?

.....
[1]

(ii) Use the results in Table 2 to complete Fig. 7 below by drawing in the **two** missing bars. [2]



Fig. 7

(iii) Do the results shown in Table 2 and Fig. 7 support **Hypothesis 1**: *Most local people think that tidal power is a good way to generate electricity?*

Use data to support your conclusion.

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.....

.....

..... [2]

- (d) The opinions of 100 local people about whether the local area is a good location in which to build a tidal barrage are shown in Table 3 below.

Table 3

The opinions of 100 local people

Opinion	Agree strongly	Agree	Disagree	Disagree strongly
The tidal barrage will threaten natural habitats of seabirds and fish	70	20	7	3
There will be a lot of disruption to the area whilst the barrage is being built	31	36	19	14
The tidal barrage will spoil the view of the estuary	20	40	28	12
Total number of responses	121	96	54	29
The tidal barrage will be a tourist attraction	70	23	5	2
The tidal barrage will help to stop flooding in the local area	37	37	20	6
Construction of the barrage will create jobs in the area	21	31	26	22
Total number of responses	128	91	51	30

- (i) Use the results in Table 3 to complete Fig. 8 below, which shows the results of the statement 'The tidal barrage will help to stop flooding in the local area'. [3]

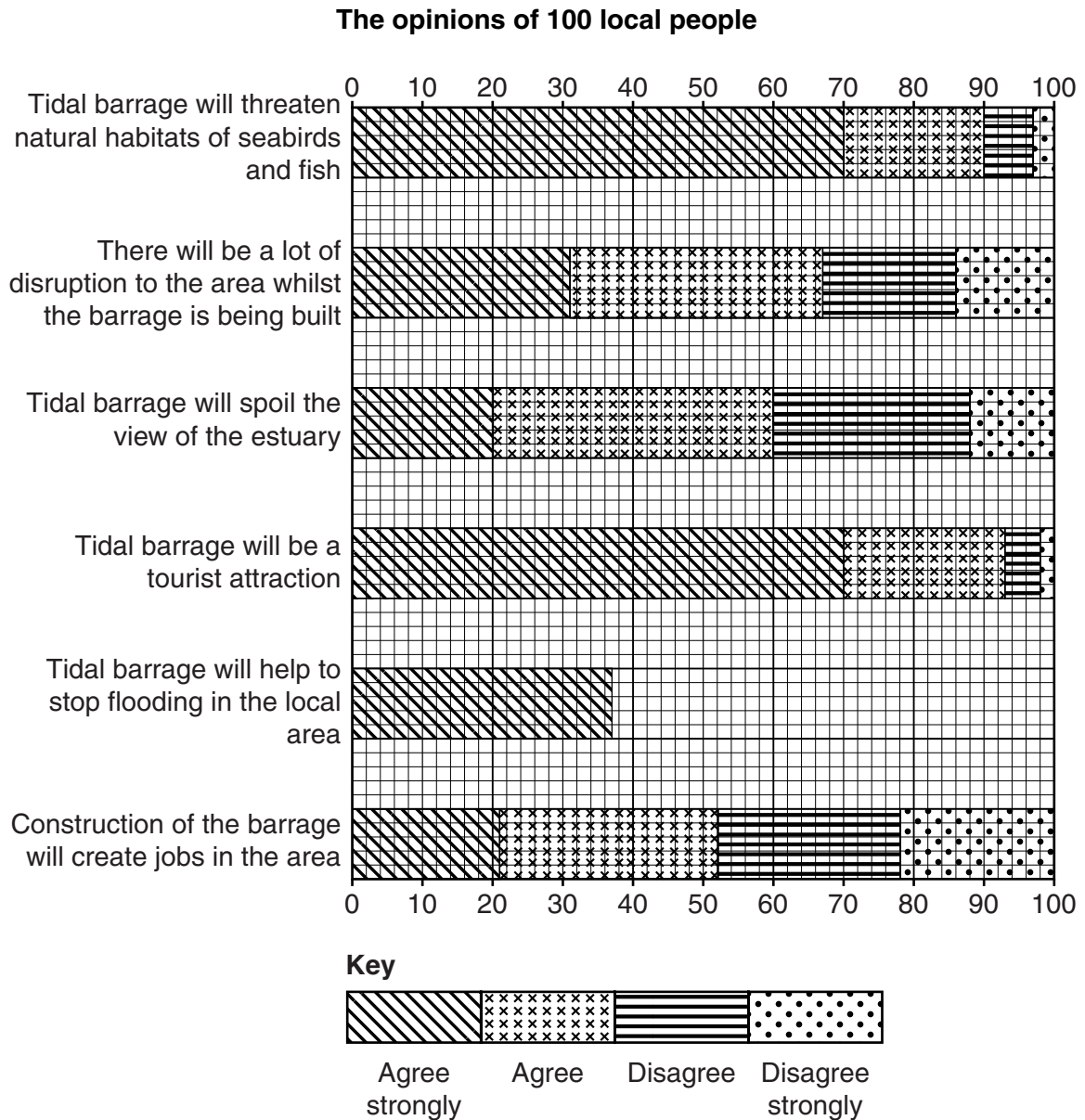


Fig. 8

- (ii) Which **one** of the statements has the most even balance of opinions given by 100 local people?

.....
[1]

(iii) The students reached the conclusion that **Hypothesis 2: Local people think that the tidal barrage built across the estuary will benefit the area** was both true and false to a certain extent. What evidence in Table 3 and Fig. 8 supports this conclusion?

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.....[3]

(e) To extend their study the students asked some local people for their opinions on renewable energy and global warming. However, some of the people they spoke to did not know what these terms meant. So the students decided to produce an information sheet to give to people. The following answers will be part of this information.

(i) Tidal power is one type of renewable energy. Give **two** other examples of renewable energy.

1
2[2]

(ii) Explain how global warming occurs.

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.....[4]

[Total: 30 marks]

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