



## Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE  
NAME

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CENTRE  
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**MATHEMATICS**

**9709/52**

Paper 5 Probability & Statistics 1

**February/March 2020**

**1 hour 15 minutes**

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

### INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **12** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

- 1 The 40 members of a club include Ranuf and Saed. All 40 members will travel to a concert. 35 members will travel in a coach and the other 5 will travel in a car. Ranuf will be in the coach and Saed will be in the car.

In how many ways can the members who will travel in the coach be chosen? [3]

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- 2 An ordinary fair die is thrown repeatedly until a 1 or a 6 is obtained.
- (a) Find the probability that it takes at least 3 throws but no more than 5 throws to obtain a 1 or a 6. [3]

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On another occasion, this die is thrown 3 times. The random variable  $X$  is the number of times that a 1 or a 6 is obtained.

(b) Draw up the probability distribution table for  $X$ . [3]

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(c) Find  $E(X)$ . [2]

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3 The weights of apples of a certain variety are normally distributed with mean 82 grams. 22% of these apples have a weight greater than 87 grams.

(a) Find the standard deviation of the weights of these apples. [3]

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(b) Find the probability that the weight of a randomly chosen apple of this variety differs from the mean weight by less than 4 grams. [4]

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4 Richard has 3 blue candles, 2 red candles and 6 green candles. The candles are identical apart from their colours. He arranges the 11 candles in a line.

(a) Find the number of different arrangements of the 11 candles if there is a red candle at each end. [2]

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(b) Find the number of different arrangements of the 11 candles if all the blue candles are together and the red candles are not together. [4]

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(b) Find the probability that the two balls chosen are not the same colour. [2]

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(c) Find the probability that the ball chosen from box *A* is blue given that the ball chosen from box *B* is blue. [4]

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- 7 Helen measures the lengths of 150 fish of a certain species in a large pond. These lengths, correct to the nearest centimetre, are summarised in the following table.

Length (cm)	0 – 9	10 – 14	15 – 19	20 – 30
Frequency	15	48	66	21

- (a) Draw a cumulative frequency graph to illustrate the data.

[4]





