



## Cambridge International AS & A Level

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**COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**9608/23**

Paper 2 Fundamental Problem-Solving and Programming Skills

**October/November 2021**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 75

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2021 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

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This document consists of **17** printed pages.

**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks												
1(a)(i)	One mark for each bullet point to Max 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OUTPUT "Enter product number: "</li> <li>• INPUT ProductNumber</li> </ul>	2												
1(a)(ii)	One mark for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Store / write the product number / data // retrieve data at a later date</li> </ul>	1												
1(b)	One mark for each bullet point to Max 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Visual method ) making it easier to understand / representing / follow the logic of program structures / algorithm</li> <li>• Overview of the process, allowing logical errors to be identified</li> <li>• Provides documentation for other programmers / non-programmers</li> </ul>	2												
1(c)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Technical term</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Corrective maintenance</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Stores data of the same data type in memory</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Array</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Amends an algorithm following identification of errors</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Adaptive maintenance</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Amends an algorithm in response to specification changes</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Structure chart</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Shows parameters passed between program modules</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>One mark for 2 correct Two marks for 3 correct</p>	Technical term	Description	Corrective maintenance	Stores data of the same data type in memory	Array	Amends an algorithm following identification of errors	Adaptive maintenance	Amends an algorithm in response to specification changes	Structure chart	Shows parameters passed between program modules	3		
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1(d)	<p>One mark for each correct row</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 70%;">Pseudocode expression</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Evaluates to</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>EndOfYear * Limit / Mileage</td> <td>100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LENGTH(Description) / NUM_TO_STRING(Limit)</td> <td>ERROR</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MOD(20, LENGTH(Destination))</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(EndOfYear &lt; 2) AND (Limit = 20000) AND NOT(Overdue)</td> <td>TRUE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MID(Description, 1, 5) &amp; LEFT(Destination, 2) &amp; NUM_TO_STRING(Limit / 1000)</td> <td>"CONCREL20"</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Pseudocode expression	Evaluates to	EndOfYear * Limit / Mileage	100	LENGTH(Description) / NUM_TO_STRING(Limit)	ERROR	MOD(20, LENGTH(Destination))	2	(EndOfYear < 2) AND (Limit = 20000) AND NOT(Overdue)	TRUE	MID(Description, 1, 5) & LEFT(Destination, 2) & NUM_TO_STRING(Limit / 1000)	"CONCREL20"	5
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Question	Answer	Marks										
2(a)	<p>One mark for each correct row</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="308 315 1326 719"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="308 315 520 376">Line number</th> <th data-bbox="520 315 1326 376">Corrected pseudocode statement</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="308 376 520 483">04 06</td> <td data-bbox="520 376 1326 483">Procedure SetOut () // (No parameter as size is input) INPUT (Size) (Add line 6)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="308 483 520 544">05</td> <td data-bbox="520 483 1326 544">DECLARE Index : <u>INTEGER</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="308 544 520 604">07</td> <td data-bbox="520 544 1326 604">FOR Index ← <u>1</u> TO 50</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="308 604 520 719">08</td> <td data-bbox="520 604 1326 719">IF Size = CarSize[Index] AND Available[Index] = <u>TRUE</u></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Line number	Corrected pseudocode statement	04 06	Procedure SetOut () // (No parameter as size is input) INPUT (Size) (Add line 6)	05	DECLARE Index : <u>INTEGER</u>	07	FOR Index ← <u>1</u> TO 50	08	IF Size = CarSize[Index] AND Available[Index] = <u>TRUE</u>	4
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08	IF Size = CarSize[Index] AND Available[Index] = <u>TRUE</u>											
2(b)	<p>One mark for each bullet point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loop from 1 to 50 / loop for all the number of cars the company owns</li> <li>• Compare the input / parameter value to the array CarSize [counter]</li> <li>• ... <b>and</b> the corresponding element in the array Available is set to TRUE / the car is available</li> <li>• If so, output the current loop counter (the car number), the (parameter) Size followed by "Available"</li> </ul>	4										
2(c)	<pre>FUNCTION PayUsingAccount (Balance : REAL,                           CostOfHire : REAL) RETURNS BOOLEAN      IF CostOfHire &gt; Balance     THEN         RETURN FALSE     ELSE         RETURN TRUE     ENDIF  ENDFUNCTION</pre> <p>One mark for each of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Function heading and ending including parameters and CostOfHire as REAL.</li> <li>2 If CostOfHire &gt; Balance</li> <li>3 Return of True / False</li> </ol>	3										

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	One mark for Start <b>and</b> Stop symbols  One mark for each outlined group  1 (Prompt and) input <code>EmailString</code>  2 Call to <code>Split()</code> <b>twice</b> to obtain <code>Domain</code> and <code>User</code> substrings  3 Call to <code>IsLowerCase()</code> <b>in decision box</b> with <code>User</code> parameter  4 Call to <code>IsThreeLetter()</code> <b>in decision box</b> with <code>Domain</code> parameter and return "Invalid" if both false  5 Return <code>EmailString</code> only if all decisions evaluate to <code>TRUE</code>  MPs 4 and 5 may be combined using <code>AND</code>	<b>6</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
	<pre> graph TD     Start([START]) --&gt; Input[/OUTPUT "Enter address: " INPUT EmailString/]     Input --&gt; Process1[Set Domain TO Split(EmailString, FALSE)]     Process1 --&gt; Process2[Set User TO Split(EmailString, TRUE)]     Process2 --&gt; Decision1{IsLowerCase (User) = TRUE?}     Decision1 -- NO --&gt; Output1[/Return "Invalid"/]     Decision1 -- YES --&gt; Decision2{IsThreeLetter (Domain) = TRUE?}     Decision2 -- NO --&gt; Output1     Decision2 -- YES --&gt; Output2[/Return EmailString/]     Output1 --&gt; End([END])     Output2 --&gt; End     </pre>	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(b)	One mark for each bullet point to Max 2. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• StartLine/ LastLine is out of range</li> <li>• StartLine is after LastLine //</li> <li>• LastLine is before StartLine</li> <li>• LastLine does not exist</li> </ul>	<b>2</b>
3(c)(i)	One mark for each bullet point Explanation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• An error in the grammar of the programming language</li> <li>• An error that breaks the rules of the programming language</li> </ul>	<b>2</b>
3(c)(ii)	One mark for each bullet point to Max 1 Examples are shown in pseudocode for reference only. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DECLARE NUMBER AS INTEGER                          NUMBER ← "LEFT"</li> <li>• IF ...                          ENDWHILE</li> <li>• Flag ← TRUE + 3</li> </ul>	<b>1</b>
3(d)	One mark for each bullet point <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Both module names: Split() and IsLowercase()</li> <li>• Two parameters to Split() and one parameter returned from Split() (as shown)</li> <li>• All remaining parameters</li> </ul> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;"> </div>	<b>3</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
3(e)	<p>One mark for the feature. One mark for the description of the feature to Max 4.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Feature: Single stepping. Description: Execute each instruction one at a time.</li> <li>• Feature: Breakpoints. Description: Line/lines in the program code at which point the program stops execution.</li> <li>• Feature: Variable / expression watch windows. Description: Windows that display the values assigned to variables/expressions as the program executes.</li> </ul>	4

Question	Answer	Marks																														
4(a)	<p>One mark for each column.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>FileLine</th> <th>Counter</th> <th>LEFT(FileData, LENGTH(Match))</th> <th>SubMatch = Match</th> <th>Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>FALSE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>0</td> <td>"XD43688"</td> <td>FALSE</td> <td>(FALSE)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>1</td> <td>"TG12367"</td> <td>TRUE</td> <td>(FALSE)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>1</td> <td>"HD44356"</td> <td>FALSE</td> <td>(FALSE)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>2</td> <td>"TG12367"</td> <td>TRUE</td> <td>TRUE</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	FileLine	Counter	LEFT(FileData, LENGTH(Match))	SubMatch = Match	Result	1	0			FALSE	2	0	"XD43688"	FALSE	(FALSE)	3	1	"TG12367"	TRUE	(FALSE)	4	1	"HD44356"	FALSE	(FALSE)	5	2	"TG12367"	TRUE	TRUE	5
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4(b)(i)	<p>One mark for each underlined part</p> <pre>10  FUNCTION Extract (<u>FileName:STRING, Match:STRING</u>)       RETURNS <u>INTEGER</u></pre>	2																														
4(b)(ii)	<p>One mark for each underlined part.</p> <pre>23      WHILE NOT EOF(FileName) AND FileLine &lt;= 100 24          READFILE FileName, FileData 25          SubMatch ← <u>RIGHT(FileData, 10)</u> 26          IF SubMatch = Match 27              THEN 28                  <u>Original[Counter] ← LEFT(FileData, 7)</u> 29                  <u>Backup[Counter] ← RIGHT(FileData, 4)</u> 29              Counter ← Counter + 1 30          ENDIF 31          FileLine ← FileLine + 1 32      ENDWHILE</pre>	3																														



Question	Answer	Marks
4(c)	<p>'Pseudocode' solution included here for development and clarification of mark scheme. Programming language example solutions appear in the Appendix.</p> <pre> PROCEDURE Encrypt()   DECLARE UnFileData : STRING // unencrypted   DECLARE EnFileData : STRING // encrypted   DECLARE Key, Counter : INTEGER   DECLARE EnChar : CHAR    OPENFILE "DATA.txt" FOR READ   OPENFILE "DATA-EN.txt" FOR APPEND    WHILE NOT EOF("DATA.txt")     READFILE "DATA.txt", UnFileData     Key ← STR_TO_NUM(MID(UnFileData, 9, 2))     EnFileData ← ""      FOR Counter ← 1 TO LENGTH(UnFileData)       EnChar ← CHR(Key + ASC(Mid(UnFileData, Counter, 1)))       EnFileData ← EnFileData &amp; EnChar     ENDFOR      WRITEFILE "DATA-EN.txt", EnFileData    ENDWHILE   CLOSEFILE "DATA.txt"   CLOSEFILE "DATA-EN.txt"  ENDPROCEDURE </pre> <p>One mark for each of the following to Max 6</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Procedure heading (and ending)</li> <li>2 Open <b>and</b> close the unencrypted file for <b>READ</b> and the encrypted file for <b>APPEND</b></li> <li>3 Outer conditional loop until <b>EOF()</b> of the unencrypted file.</li> <li>4 Extract the encryption key <b>in the outer loop</b></li> <li>5 Nested inner (count-controlled loop) that generates the ASCII value of the unencrypted character</li> <li>6 <b>and</b> generates the encrypted character using <b>CHR</b> function <b>and</b> concatenate to form encrypted string</li> <li>7 write the encrypted string to the data file <b>in the outer loop</b></li> </ol>	6

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	<pre> DECLARE GeoData : ARRAY[1:20000] OF STRING DECLARE Review : ARRAY[1:20000] OF STRING  FUNCTION CheckReview(UserID : STRING) RETURNS STRING    DECLARE Status, ReviewString, RestGeo : STRING   DECLARE Index, GeoCounter : INTEGER    Status ← "LOCATION NOT FOUND" // default to not found   GeoCounter ← 1   ReviewString ← ""   RestGeo ← ""    Index ← 20000 // get the latest review   WHILE Index &gt;= 1 AND ReviewString = ""     IF LEFT(Review[Index], 4) = UserID       THEN         ReviewString← Review[Index] //save review         // string for that user       ENDIF     Index ← Index - 1   ENDWHILE    IF LENGTH(ReviewString) = 12 // check whether a review     // exists     THEN       Status ← "NO REVIEW"     ELSE       // get the geocode of the review       RestGeo ← MID(ReviewString, 6, 7)     ENDIF      // find this geocode in the array GeoData     WHILE Status = "LOCATION NOT FOUND" AND       GeoCounter &lt;= 20000       IF GeoData[GeoCounter] = RestGeo         THEN           Status ← RIGHT(ReviewString,             LENGTH(ReviewString) - 13)         ENDIF       GeoCounter ← GeoCounter + 1     ENDWHILE      RETURN Status   ENDFUNCTION </pre>	8

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	<p>One mark for each of the following to max 8</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Declaration of local variables (but not UserID which must be parameter or arrays)</li> <li>2 <b>Conditional</b> loop iterating through the Review array finding the latest review</li> <li>3 ... extract first 4 characters from Review array and compare with parameter UserID</li> <li>4 ... if True, check if a review is included</li> <li>5 ... extract the restaurant's GeoCode from the ReviewString</li> <li>6 <b>Conditional</b> loop when match found with GeoCode and <math>\geq 20000</math> (or break from FOR loop)</li> <li>7 ... selection statement to set Status to "LOCATION FOUND " <b>inside the loop</b></li> <li>8 Return "NO REVIEW" and "LOCATION NOT FOUND"</li> <li>9 Return the Users review</li> </ol>	

Question	Answer	Marks
5(b)	<p>'Pseudocode' solution included here for development and clarification of mark scheme. Programming language example solutions appear in the Appendix.</p> <pre> FUNCTION AddReview(UserID: STRING) RETURNS BOOLEAN      DECLARE Index : INTEGER     DECLARE ReviewEntry : STRING     DECLARE Result : BOOLEAN      Index ← 1     Result ← FALSE      // get the result of CheckReview()     ReviewEntry ← CheckReview(UserID)      IF ReviewEntry &lt;&gt; "NO REVIEW" AND ___         ReviewEntry &lt;&gt; "LOCATION NOT FOUND"     THEN         // get the next free index of Accepted array         WHILE Index &lt;= 20000 AND Result = FALSE             IF Accepted[Index] = ""                 THEN                     Accepted[Index] ← ReviewEntry                     Result ← TRUE                 ENDIF             Index ← Index + 1         ENDWHILE     ENDIF      RETURN Result  ENDFUNCTION </pre> <p>One mark for each of the following to Max 4</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Function header including parameter <b>and</b> return statement</li> <li>2 Call to function CheckReview with UserID as parameter (and assign to a variable)</li> <li>3 If a valid review</li> <li>4 ... conditional loop with <b>two</b> conditions to find free index in Accepted array until Counter = 20000</li> <li>5 ... store ReviewEntry in Accepted array</li> </ol>	<b>4</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
5(c)	<pre> PROCEDURE BestRestaurants(SearchGeo : STRING)   DECLARE Index : INTEGER   DECLARE MatchFound : BOOLEAN   DECLARE Score : REAL // the extracted average score   DECLARE GeoCode : STRING // the extracted GeoCode   DECLARE ScoreLength: INTEGER // length of string to                                 // extract score    Index ← 1   MatchFound ← FALSE    //linear search of ReviewScores for GeoCode and Score   // &gt; 8.0   WHILE Index &lt;= 20000 AND MatchFound = FALSE     GeoCode ← LEFT(ReviewScores[Index, 1], 7)     ScoreLength ← LENGTH(ReviewScores[Index, 1]) - 8;     Score ← STRING_TO_NUM(RIGHT(ReviewScores[Index,                                 1],ScoreLength)     IF GeoCode = SearchGeo AND Score &gt; 8.0       THEN         MatchFound ← TRUE       ELSE         Index ← Index + 1     ENDIF   ENDWHILE    // output the review if found   IF MatchFound = TRUE     THEN       OUTPUT SearchGeo &amp; " " &amp; ReviewScores[Index, 2]     ENDIF    ENDPROCEDURE </pre> <p>One mark for each of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 extract GeoCode from ReviewScores <b>in any loop</b></li> <li>2 extract the string representing Score from ReviewScores <b>in any loop</b></li> <li>3 convert extracted string to a numeric value following any attempt at MP2 <b>in the loop</b></li> <li>4 set MatchFound to TRUE if input parameter GeoCode is equal to extracted GeoCode <b>and</b> extracted score &gt; 8.0 <b>in the loop</b></li> <li>5 output parameter SearchGeo concatenated with its review text if MatchFound is TRUE</li> </ol>	<b>5</b>

\*\*\* End of Mark Scheme – example program code solutions follow \*\*\*

**Program Code Example Solutions****Q4(c): Visual Basic**

```
Sub Encrypt()  
    Dim UnFileData, EnFiledata As String  
    Dim Key, Counter As Integer  
    Dim EnChar As Char  
  
    Dim Sr As StreamReader = New StreamReader("DATA.txt")  
    Dim Sw As StreamWriter = New StreamWriter("DATA-EN.txt ", True)  
'append  
  
    Do While Not Sr.EndOfStream  
        UnFileData = Sr.ReadLine()  
        Key = Convert.ToInt32(UnFileData.Substring(9, 2))  
        EnFiledata = ""  
  
        For Counter = 1 To UnFileData.Length  
            EnChar = Convert.ToChar(Key +  
                Convert.ToByte(UnFileData.Substring(Counter, 1)))  
            EnFiledata = EnFiledata & EnChar  
        Next  
  
        Sw.WriteLine(EnFiledata)  
    Loop  
  
    Sr.Close()  
    Sw.Close()  
End Sub
```

**Q4(c): Pascal**

```
procedure Encrypt ();
var
  UnFileData : String;
  EnFileData : String;
  EnFileName : String;
  Key, Counter : Integer;
  EnChar : String;

  DataFile : textfile;
  DataEnFile : textfile;
begin
  Assign(DataFile, 'DATA.txt ');
  reset(DataFile);
  EnFileName := 'DATA-EN.txt';

  while not eof(DataFile) do
  begin
    readln(DataFile, UnFiledata);
    Key := StrToInt(MidStr(UnFileData, 9, 2));
    EnFileData := '';

    for Counter := 1 to Length(UnFileData) do
    begin
      EnChar := Chr(Key+Ord(MidStr(UnFiledata, Counter, 1)[1]));
      EnFileData := EnFileData + EnChar;
    end;

    Assign(DataEnFile, EnFileName);
    append(DataEnFile);
    writeln(DataEnFile, EnFileData);
  end;

  Close(DataFile);
  Close(DataEnFile);
end;
```

**Q4(c): Python**

```
def Encrypt():
    #DECLARE UnFileData : STRING
    #DECLARE EnFileData : STRING
    #DECLARE Key, Counter : INTEGER
    #DECLARE EnChar : CHAR

    UnFilehandle = open("DATA.txt", "r")
    EnFilehandle = open("DATA-EN.txt", "a")

    UnFileData = UnFileHandle.readline()
    while UnFileData != "":
        Key = UnFiledata[9:11]
        EnFileData = ""

        for Counter in range(1, len(UnFileData)):
            EnChar = chr(Key + ord(UnFileData[Counter:1]))
            EnFileData = EnFileData + EnChar

        EnFilehandle.writeline(EnFileData)
        UnFileData = UnFileHandle.readline()

    UnFileHandle.close()
    EnFileHandle.close()
```

**Q5(b): Visual Basic**

```
Function AddReview(UserID As String) As Boolean
    Dim Index As Integer
    Dim ReviewEntry As String
    Dim Result As Boolean

    Index = 1
    Result = False

    'get the result of CheckReview()
    ReviewEntry = CheckReview(UserID)

    If ReviewEntry <> "NO REVIEW" And
        ReviewEntry <> "LOCATION NOT FOUND" Then
        'get the next free index of Accepted array
        Do While Index <= 20000 And Result = False
            If Accepted(Index) = "" Then
                Accepted(Index) = ReviewEntry
                Result = True
            End If
            Index = Index + 1
        Loop
    End If

    Return Result

End Function
```



**Q5(b): Pascal**

```

function AddReview(UserID: string): boolean;
var
  Index: integer;
  ReviewEntry: string;
  Result: boolean;
begin
  Index := 1;
  Result := False;

  // get the result of CheckReview()
  ReviewEntry := CheckReview(UserID);

  if (ReviewEntry<>'NO REVIEW') and (ReviewEntry<>'LOCATION NOT FOUND')
then
  begin
    // get the next free index of Accepted array
    while (Index <= 20000) and (Result=False) do
    begin
      if Accepted[Index] = '' then
      begin
        Accepted[Index] := ReviewEntry;
        Result := True;
      end;
      Index := Index + 1;
    end;
  end;
  AddReview := Result;
end;

```

**Q5(b): Python**

```

def AddReview(UserID):
    #DECLARE Index : INTEGER
    #DECLARE ReviewEntry : STRING
    #DECLARE Result : BOOLEAN

    Index = 1
    Result = False

    #get the result of CheckReview()
    ReviewEntry = CheckReview(UserID)

    if ReviewEntry != "NO REVIEW" and ReviewEntry != "LOCATION NOT FOUND":
        #get the next free index of Accepted array
        while Index <= 20000 and Result == False:
            if Accepted[Index] == "":
                Accepted[Index] = ReviewEntry
                Result = True
                Index += 1

    return Result

```