



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE
NUMBER

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CHEMISTRY

9701/53

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

May/June 2022

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 30.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.
- Important values, constants and standards are printed in the question paper.

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



- 1 A student plans an investigation to find the molar ratio of the reaction between sodium chloride, NaCl , and a lead compound.

The student is provided with solid NaCl and $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ aqueous lead compound.

The reaction between $\text{NaCl}(\text{aq})$ and the aqueous lead compound produces an insoluble compound as a precipitate.

- (a) The student prepares $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ NaCl}(\text{aq})$.

Calculate the mass of $\text{NaCl}(\text{s})$ needed to make 250.0 cm^3 of $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ NaCl}(\text{aq})$.

mass of $\text{NaCl} = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$ [1]

- (b) The student weighs the mass of $\text{NaCl}(\text{s})$ calculated in (a) in a weighing boat. The solid mass is then transferred into a small beaker.

Describe how the student should accurately weigh by difference so the exact mass of NaCl transferred into the small beaker is known.

.....
.....
.....
..... [1]

- (c) The student is given a small beaker containing the mass of NaCl calculated in (a).

Describe how the student should prepare 250.0 cm^3 of $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ NaCl}(\text{aq})$.

Include the names and capacities of each piece of apparatus used in the preparation of the solution.

.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

- (d) The student plans the following method using the $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ aqueous lead compound and the $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ $\text{NaCl}(\text{aq})$ prepared in (c).

Step 1 Mix the $\text{NaCl}(\text{aq})$ and the aqueous lead compound in eight separate beakers in the proportions by volume shown in Table 1.1.

Table 1.1

beaker	volume of $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ $\text{NaCl}(\text{aq})/\text{cm}^3$	volume of $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ aqueous lead compound/ cm^3
1	10.00	40.00
2	15.00	35.00
3	20.00	30.00
4	25.00	25.00
5	30.00	20.00
6	35.00	15.00
7	40.00	10.00
8	45.00	5.00

Step 2 Filter the contents of each beaker to collect the precipitate.

Step 3 Dry the precipitate for 3 minutes in an oven and allow to cool.

Step 4 Weigh and record the mass of precipitate produced in each beaker.

- (i) State **one** extra step that would improve this method. Explain why this step is necessary.

extra step:

.....

explanation:

.....

[2]

- (ii) The volumes of solutions are measured using a burette.

Calculate the percentage error when measuring 10.00 cm^3 of solution.
Show your working.

percentage error = [1]

- (iii) Explain how you would ensure that the results of the investigation are reliable.

.....

 [1]

- (e) The results of the investigation are shown on the graph in Fig. 1.1.

- (i) Draw **two** straight lines of best fit through the points. Extrapolate both lines so they intersect. [1]
- (ii) Using Fig. 1.1 and Table 1.1, state the volumes of $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ NaCl(aq)}$ and $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ aqueous lead compound which produce the maximum mass of precipitate.

Calculate the molar ratio in which the NaCl and the lead compound react.

volume of $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ NaCl(aq)}$ = cm^3

volume of $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ aqueous lead compound = cm^3

molar ratio of NaCl : lead compound = : [2]

- (f) Use the molar ratio in (e)(ii) to deduce the formula of the precipitate.

formula = [1]

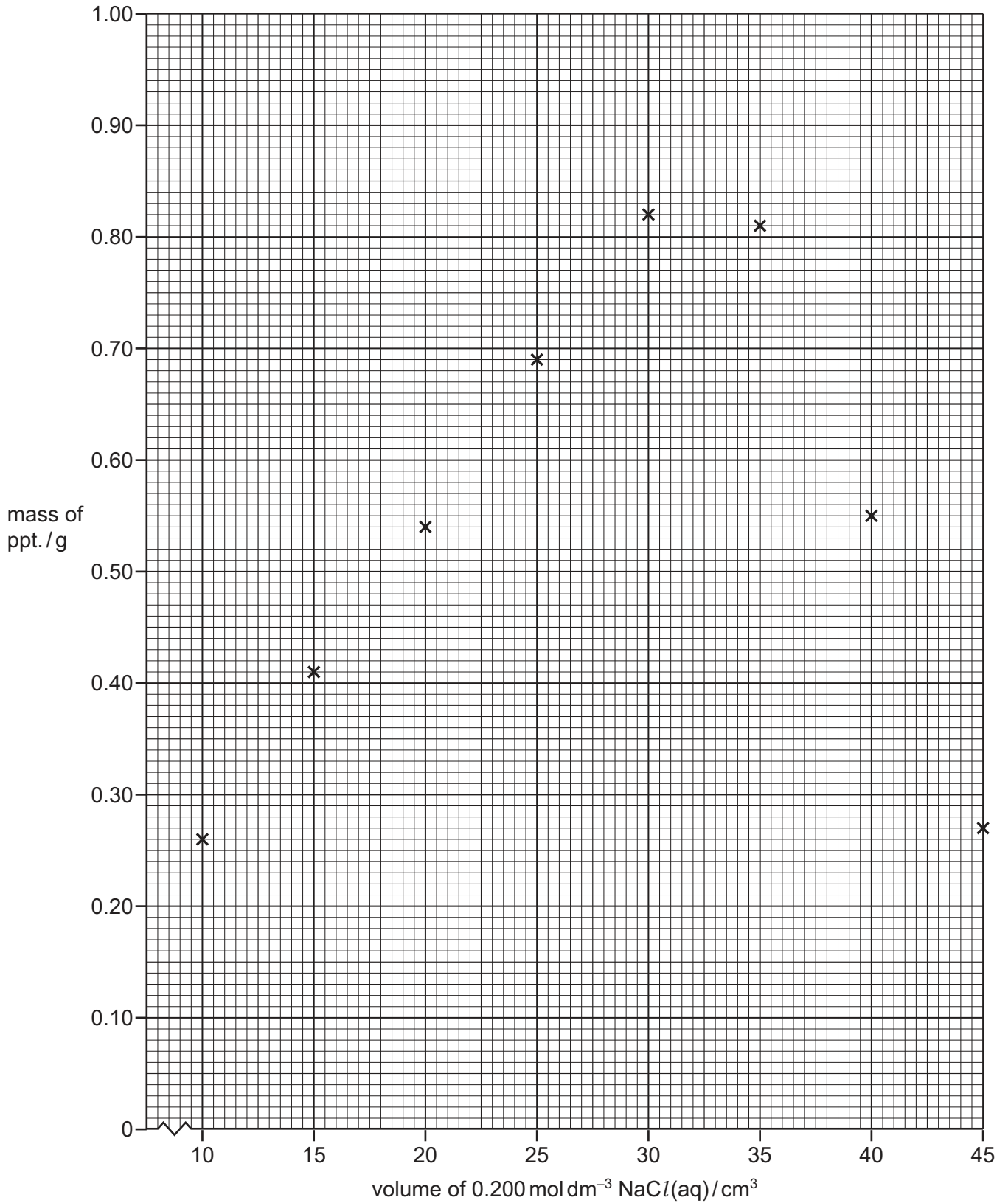


Fig. 1.1

(g) A student suggests that a simpler method can be used to find the molar ratio.

Different volumes of $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ NaCl(aq)}$ and $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ aqueous lead compound are mixed in test-tubes. The resulting precipitates are allowed to settle. The height of each precipitate is then measured.

A further two investigations are carried out. The volumes used and the results of the two investigations are shown.

Investigation 1

Precipitate heights are measured after 1 minute.

Table 1.2

volume $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{ NaCl(aq)}/\text{cm}^3$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
volume $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ aqueous lead compound/ cm^3	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

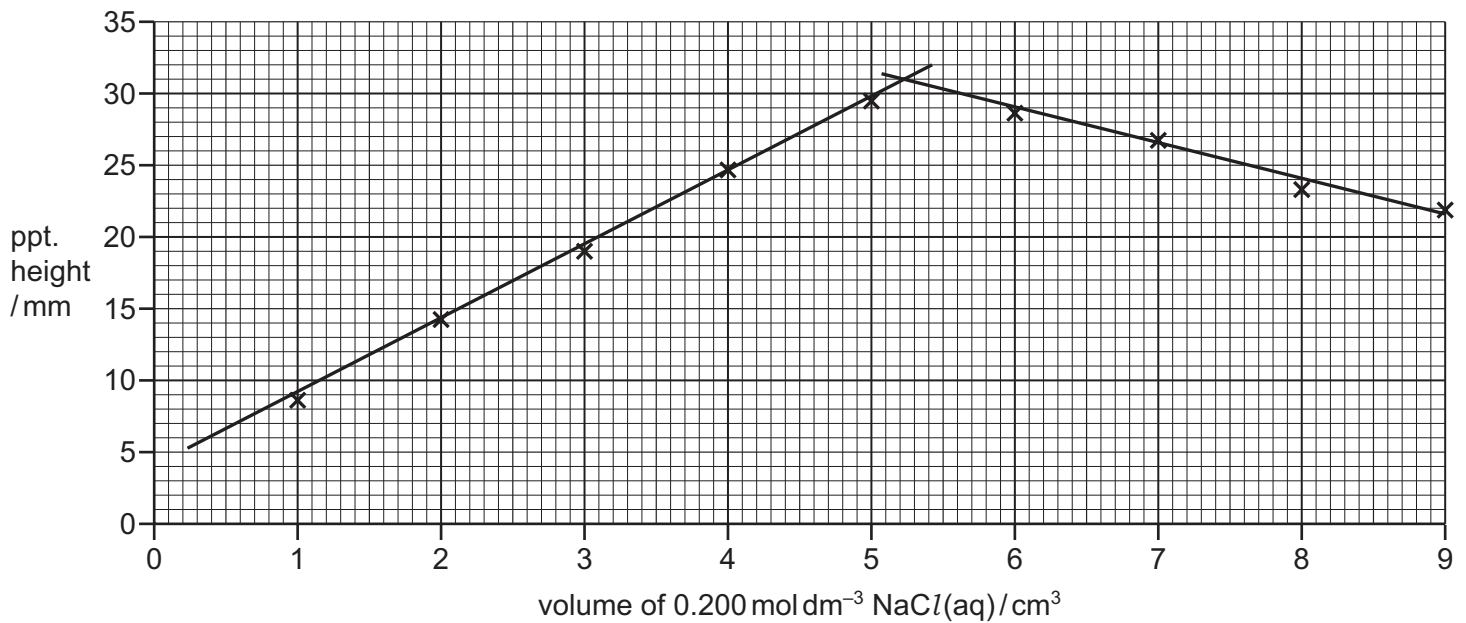


Fig. 1.2

Investigation 2

Precipitate heights are measured after 5 minutes.

Table 1.3

volume $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ $\text{NaCl(aq)}/\text{cm}^3$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
volume $0.200 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ aqueous lead compound/ cm^3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

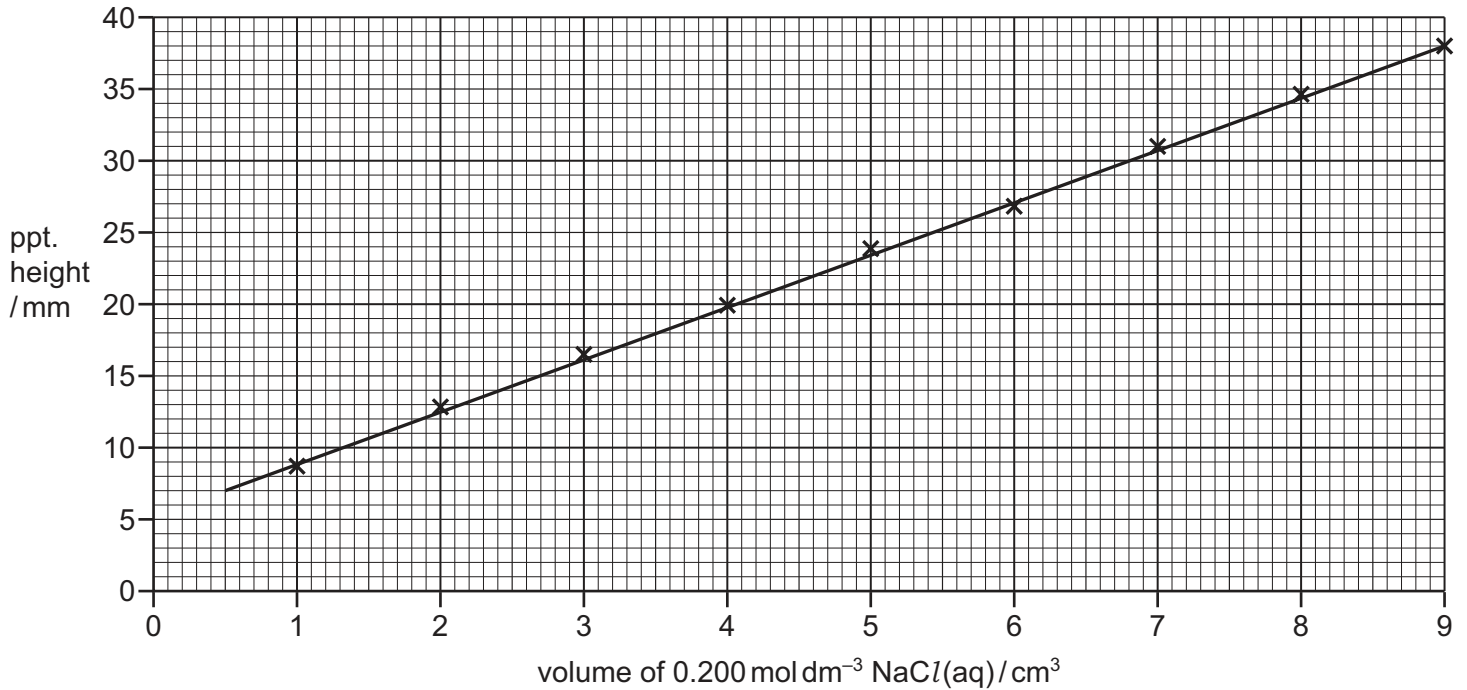


Fig. 1.3

Neither investigation produced the expected results. Both investigations, 1 and 2, contain weaknesses in the experimental procedure.

State how you would modify the experimental procedure in each case so that the expected results are obtained.

modification for investigation 1:

.....

.....

modification for investigation 2:

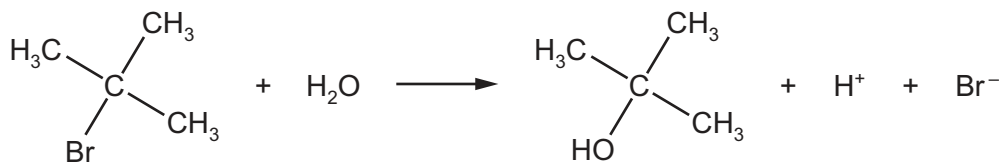
.....

.....

[2]

[Total: 14]

- 2 A student plans to study the rate of hydrolysis of 2-bromo-2-methylpropane.



As the concentration of 2-bromo-2-methylpropane decreases during the reaction, the concentration of hydrogen ions increases.

The student plans the following method.

- Step 1** Place 100 cm³ of a mixture of propanone and water into a conical flask.
- Step 2** Heat the mixture to 35 °C and maintain this temperature.
- Step 3** Add 1.00 cm³ of 2-bromo-2-methylpropane to the mixture and start timing.
- Step 4** After 1 minute, transfer a 10.00 cm³ sample of the reaction mixture into a conical flask containing ice and 4 drops of methyl orange indicator.
- Step 5** Immediately titrate the 10.00 cm³ of the reaction mixture with 0.0200 mol dm⁻³ sodium hydroxide.
- Step 6** Repeat sampling and titrating at regular time intervals over a total time of 45 minutes.
- Step 7** Heat the reaction mixture to 50 °C, remove the final sample, and titrate this.

- (a) (i) State the apparatus you would use to maintain the temperature of the reaction mixture.

..... [1]

- (ii) Suggest why the experiment is carried out away from naked flames.

.....
 [1]

- (b) State the pieces of equipment and their capacities that you would use to:

- (i) measure 1.00 cm³ of 2-bromo-2-methylpropane in step 3

..... [1]

- (ii) transfer a 10.00 cm³ sample of the mixture in step 4.

..... [1]

Question 2 continues on the next page.

(c) Explain why the reaction mixture is transferred into a conical flask containing ice.

.....
 [1]

(d) State the measured dependent variable for this experiment.

..... [1]

(e) (i) The student recorded the results. V_{final} is the final titre volume, 47.25 cm^3 in step 7.

Complete Table 2.1 by calculating the value of $V_{\text{final}} - V_t$.

Record the values to **2 decimal places**.

Table 2.1

time/s	titre, V_t/cm^3	$V_{\text{final}} - V_t/\text{cm}^3$
60	1.25	
300	7.75	
600	17.75	
900	20.00	
1200	24.25	
1500	28.40	
1800	31.15	
2700	38.00	
final	47.25	

[1]

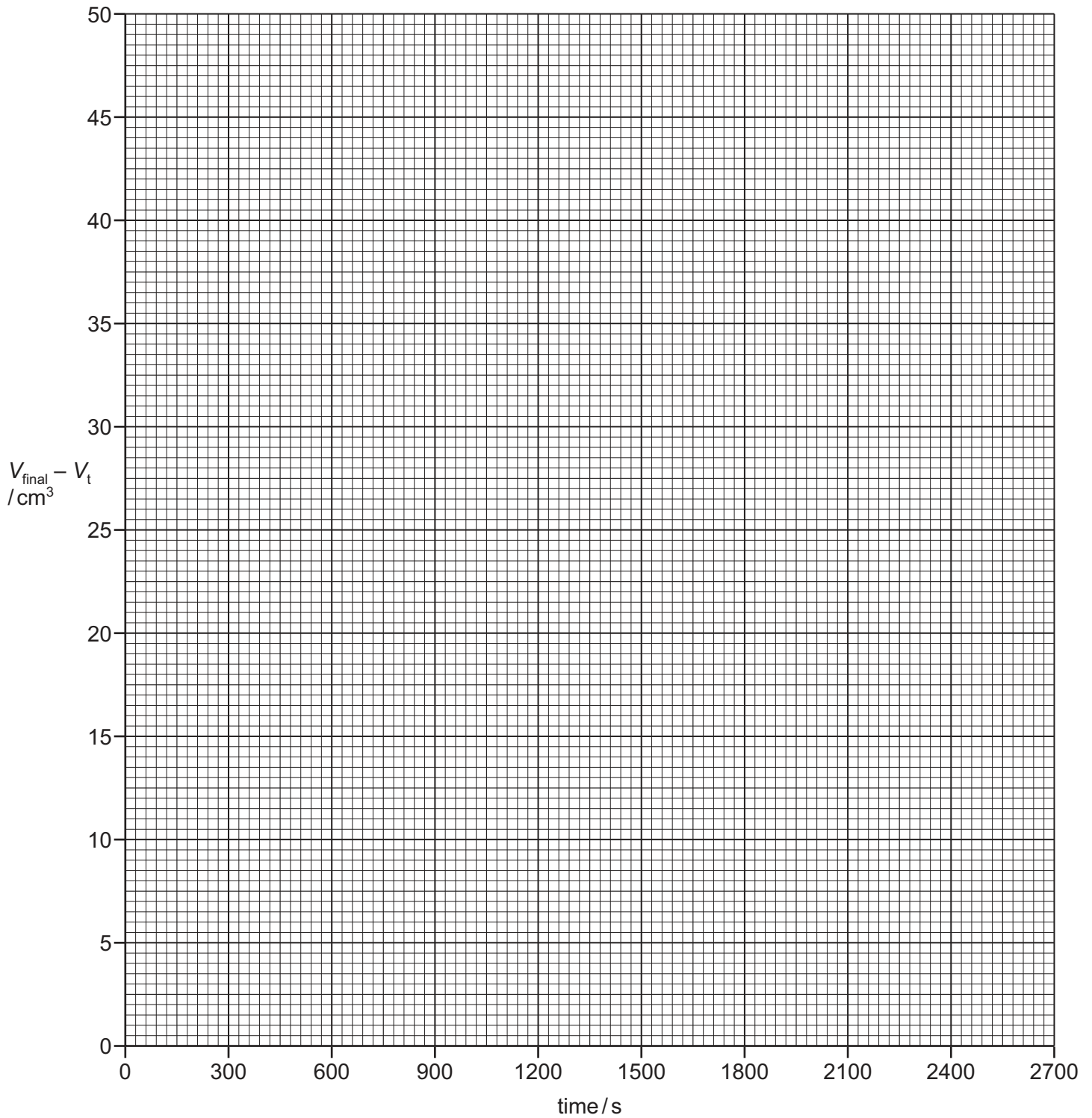
(ii) The titre, V_t , is proportional to the concentration of the hydrogen ions.

State what $V_{\text{final}} - V_t$ is proportional to.

..... [1]

(iii) Plot a graph on the grid to show the relationship between $V_{\text{final}} - V_t$ and time.

Use a cross (×) to plot each data point. Draw a curved line of best fit. [2]



(iv) Circle the point on the graph you consider to be most anomalous.

Suggest **one** reason why this anomaly may have occurred during this experimental procedure.

.....
 [2]

- (v) Use the graph to find two half-lives, $t_{\frac{1}{2}}$, for this reaction.

State the coordinates of both points you used in your calculations.

first $t_{\frac{1}{2}}$: coordinates and

half-life = s

second $t_{\frac{1}{2}}$: coordinates and

half-life = s

[3]

- (vi) Use your answer to (e)(v) to state the order of the reaction with respect to 2-bromo-2-methylpropane. Explain your answer.

(If you were unable to obtain an answer to (e)(v) you may use the values 1050s and 1045s for the half-lives. These are **not** the correct values.)

order =

explanation

[1]

[Total: 16]

Important values, constants and standards

molar gas constant	$R = 8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
Faraday constant	$F = 9.65 \times 10^4 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$
Avogadro constant	$L = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
electronic charge	$e = -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
molar volume of gas	$V_m = 22.4 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ at s.t.p. (101 kPa and 273 K) $V_m = 24.0 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ at room conditions
ionic product of water	$K_w = 1.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ dm}^{-6}$ (at 298 K (25°C))
specific heat capacity of water	$c = 4.18 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ (4.18 $\text{J g}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$)

The Periodic Table of Elements

		Group															
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">1 H hydrogen 1.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">2 He helium 4.0</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">3 Li lithium 6.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">4 Be beryllium 9.0</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">5 B boron 10.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">6 C carbon 12.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">7 N nitrogen 14.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">8 O oxygen 16.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">9 F fluorine 19.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">10 Ne neon 20.2</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">11 Na sodium 23.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">12 Mg magnesium 24.3</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">13 Al aluminium 27.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">14 Si silicon 28.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">15 P phosphorus 31.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">16 S sulfur 32.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">17 Cl chlorine 35.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">18 Ar argon 39.9</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">19 K potassium 39.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">20 Ca calcium 40.1</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">21 Sc scandium 45.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">22 Ti titanium 47.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">23 V vanadium 50.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">24 Cr chromium 52.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">25 Mn manganese 54.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">26 Fe iron 55.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">27 Co cobalt 58.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">28 Ni nickel 58.7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">29 Cu copper 63.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">30 Zn zinc 65.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">31 Ga gallium 69.7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">32 Ge germanium 72.6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">33 As arsenic 74.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">34 Se selenium 79.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">35 Br bromine 79.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">36 Kr krypton 83.8</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">37 Rb rubidium 85.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">38 Sr strontium 87.6</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">39 Y yttrium 88.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">40 Zr zirconium 91.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">41 Nb niobium 92.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">42 Mo molybdenum 95.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">43 Tc technetium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">44 Ru ruthenium 101.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">45 Rh rhodium 102.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">46 Pd palladium 106.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">47 Ag silver 107.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">48 Cd cadmium 112.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">49 In indium 114.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">50 Sn tin 118.7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">51 Sb antimony 121.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">52 Te tellurium 127.6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">53 I iodine 126.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">54 Xe xenon 131.3</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">55 Cs caesium 132.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">56 Ba barium 137.3</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">57–71 lanthanoids</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">72 Hf hafnium 178.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">73 Ta tantalum 180.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">74 W tungsten 183.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">75 Re rhenium 186.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">76 Os osmium 190.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">77 Ir iridium 192.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">78 Pt platinum 195.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">79 Au gold 197.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">80 Hg mercury 200.6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">81 Tl thallium 204.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">82 Pb lead 207.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">83 Bi bismuth 209.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">84 Po polonium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">85 At astatine —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">86 Rn radon —</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">87 Fr francium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">88 Ra radium —</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">89–103 actinoids</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">104 Rf rutherfordium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">105 Db dubnium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">106 Sg seaborgium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">107 Bh bohrium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">108 Hs hassium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">109 Mt meitnerium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">110 Ds darmstadtium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">111 Rg roentgenium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">112 Cn copernicium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">113 Nh nihonium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">114 Fl flerovium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">115 Mc moscovium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">116 Lv livermorium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">117 Ts tennessine —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">118 Og oganesson —</div> </div>															

lanthanoids

actinoids

57 La lanthanum 138.9	58 Ce cerium 140.1	59 Pr praseodymium 140.9	60 Nd neodymium 144.4	61 Pm promethium —	62 Sm samarium 150.4	63 Eu europium 152.0	64 Gd gadolinium 157.3	65 Tb terbium 158.9	66 Dy dysprosium 162.5	67 Ho holmium 164.9	68 Er erbium 167.3	69 Tm thulium 168.9	70 Yb ytterbium 173.1	71 Lu lutetium 175.0
89 Ac actinium —	90 Th thorium 232.0	91 Pa protactinium 231.0	92 U uranium 238.0	93 Np neptunium —	94 Pu plutonium —	95 Am americium —	96 Cm curium —	97 Bk berkelium —	98 Cf californium —	99 Es einsteinium —	100 Fm fermium —	101 Md mendelevium —	102 No nobelium —	103 Lr lawrencium —